SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date 03-Feb-2023 Version 16 Supersedes Date: 17-Sep-2022

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Code PMR0514

Product Name RED OXIDE PURLIN

Other means of identification

No information available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Paint, Coatings

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

See section 16 for more information

The Sherwin-Williams Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

E-mail address msds@valspar.com

Emergency telephone number

United States of America 1-888-345-5732

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 3

Label elements



Signal word

DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction
May cause cancer
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

PREVENTION

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

RESPONSE

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction.

STORAGE

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

DISPOSAL

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC)

No information available.

OTHER HAZARDS

spontaneously combustible material. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	weight-%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	5 - 10
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	3 - 5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	3 - 5
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	3 - 5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	1 - 3
Strontium chromate	7789-06-2	1 - 3
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1 - 3
Benzene, trimethyl-	25551-13-7	1 - 3
1-Butanol	71-36-3	1 - 3
Diacetone alcohol	123-42-2	0.3 - 1
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.3 - 1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.3 - 1

Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - 0.3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 0.3
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	10 - 100 ppm

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General advice

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Not to be used for safety reasons:

Strong water jet

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Burning produces heavy smoke. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. May cause sensitization by skin contact. spontaneously combustible material. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapor in air and avoid vapor concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Never use pressure to empty container. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Prevent product from entering drains. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

General Hygiene Considerations

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep/store only in original container. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place.

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

If S^{\star} appears in the OEL table, it indicates this chemical contains a skin notation.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 700 ppm
111-76-2		TWA: 240 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm
		S*	TWA: 24 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2	TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³ Cr	TWA: 5 μg/m³ Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m³ CrO3 applies to any operations or sectors for which the Hexavalent Chromium standard [29 CFR 1910.1026] is stayed or is otherwise not in effect	IDLH: 15 mg/m³ Cr(VI) TWA: 0.0002 mg/m³ Cr

Methyl ethyl ketone	STEL: 300 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 3000 ppm
78-93-3	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
		-	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
			STEL: 300 ppm
			STEL: 885 mg/m ³
Benzene, trimethyl- 25551-13-7	TWA: 25 ppm		
1-Butanol	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 1400 ppm
71-36-3		TWA: 300 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 50 ppm
			Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³
Diacetone alcohol	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 1800 ppm
123-42-2		TWA: 240 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm
		_	TWA: 240 mg/m ³
Naphthalene	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	IDLH: 250 ppm
91-20-3	S*	TWA: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm
		_	TWA: 50 mg/m ³
			STEL: 15 ppm
			STEL: 75 mg/m ³
Carbon black	TWA: 3 mg/m³ inhalable particulate	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1750 mg/m ³
1333-86-4	matter	_	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³
			TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ Carbon black in
			presence of Polycyclic aromatic
			hydrocarbons PAH
Cumene	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 900 ppm
98-82-8		TWA: 245 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm
		S*	TWA: 245 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
100-41-4		TWA: 435 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
			TWA: 435 mg/m ³
			STEL: 125 ppm
			STEL: 545 mg/m ³
Formaldehyde	Ceiling: 0.3 ppm	TWA: 0.75 ppm	IDLH: 20 ppm
50-00-0	i	STEL: 2 ppm see 29 CFR	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm 15 min
		1910.1048	TWA: 0.016 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide local exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

Hand Protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical / chemical damage and poor maintenance. Wear protective gloves.

Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Thermal Protection

No information available

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Appearance No information available

Odor Solvent Color red

Odor Threshold No information available PH value No information available Melting point/freezing point No information available

Boiling point / boiling range No information available °C / °F

flash point 28 °C / 82 °F

evaporation rateFlammability (solid, gas)
No information available
No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: 13.1 Lower flammability limit: .6 Vapor pressure 101

vapor density No information available

Density (lbs per US gallon) 10.78 specific gravity 1.29

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient

Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Kinematic viscosity

No information available
230 °C / 446 °F
No information available
No information available
No information available

Other information

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerizationNone under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation

Skin Contact

Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Ingestion

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Inhalation Not applicable

Numerical measures of toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg (Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
aromatic			

C4740 04 F	T		
64742-94-5	170 (1 (7)	" (B.111;)	(5)
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	= 99 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	<u>-</u>
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6	= 8532 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5 g/kg(Rabbit)	-
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6	= 8400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2	= 811 mg/kg (Rat) = 3118 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	= 2483 mg/kg (Rat) = 2737 mg/kg (Rat)	= 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 6480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 11700 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Benzene, trimethyl- 25551-13-7	= 8970 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
1-Butanol 71-36-3	= 700 mg/kg (Rat) = 790 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3402 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 3400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 8000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Diacetone alcohol 123-42-2	> 4 g/kg (Rat)	= 13500 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 13630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 7.23 g/m³(Rat) 8 h
Naphthalene 91-20-3	= 490 mg/kg (Rat) = 1110 mg/kg (Rat)	> 20 g/kg(Rabbit)= 1120 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 340 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
Carbon black 1333-86-4	> 15400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3 g/kg(Rabbit)	-
Cumene 98-82-8	= 1400 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12300 μL/kg(Rabbit)	> 3577 ppm (Rat) 6 h = 39000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	= 100 mg/kg (Rat)	= 270 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 0.578 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral)

ATEmix (dermal)

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)

ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)

8891 Mg/kg

27769 Mg/kg

26.7 mg/l

195 mg/l

UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

According to IARC, Volume 93, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur from use in paints since the pigment is bound to other materials. According to IARC, Volume 93, no significant exposure to primary particles of carbon black is thought to occur from use in paints since the pigment is bound to other materials.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	А3			
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		Group 2B		Х
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Naphthalene 91-20-3	А3	Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Carbon black 1333-86-4	А3	Group 2B		X
Cumene 98-82-8		Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	А3	Group 2B		Х
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	A2	Group 1	Known	Х

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen. A3 - Animal Carcinogen.

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans. Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen. Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction

Respiratory sensitization Not applicable

Germ cell mutagenicity Not applicable

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer

Reproductive Toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not applicable

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not applicable

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Marine pollutant This material meets the definition of a marine pollutant

Persistence and degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulation

No information available

Mobility

No information available

Other adverse effects No information available

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Empty

containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT	<u>IMDG</u>	<u>IATA</u>
14.1 UN/ID no	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 Proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint

 14.3 Hazard Class
 3
 3
 3

 14.4 Packing Group
 III
 III
 III

14.5 Environmental hazard

Marine pollutant This material meets the definition of a marine pollutant

Marine pollutant Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic, Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic

367, B1, B52, B131, IB3, T2, TP1, 163, 223, 367, 955 14.6 Special Provisions A3, A72, A192

TP29 EmS-No

Number 128

Emergency Response Guide F-E, S-E

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid (49 CFR 173.150(f)); Consumer Commodity (49 CFR 173.150(c), ICAO/IATA SP A112); Limited Quantity (49 CFR 173.150(b), ICAO Part 3 Chapter 4, IATA 2.7, IMDG Chapter 3.4); Viscous Liquid (49 CFR 173.121(b), IMDG 2.3.2.2, IATA 3.3.3.1.1, ICAO 3.2.2, ADR 2.2.3.1.5); Does Not Sustain Combustion (49 CFR 173.120(a), IATA 3.3.1.3, ICAO 3.1.3, IMDG 2.3.1.3, ADR 2.2.3.1.1 Note 1); or others as allowed under hazardous materials/dangerous goods regulations.

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List

All components are listed or exempt from listing. (Active List). Not all components are listed or exempt from listing

US Federal Regulations

Chemical Name	TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, Section 12(b) Export Notification
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2	Section 6

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %	Metals	Hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) content
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 3 - 5	1		
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2 1 - 3	0.1	Chromium Hexavalent chromium	Present
1-Butanol 71-36-3 1 - 3	1		
Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.3 - 1	0.1		Present
Cumene 98-82-8 0.1 - 0.3	0.1		Present
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.1 - 0.3	0.1		Present

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Strontium chromate 7789-06-2	10 lb	Х		Х
Naphthalene 91-20-3	100 lb	Х	Х	Х
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	Х	Х	Х
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	100 lb			Х

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Strontium chromate	10 lb		RQ 10 lb final RQ
7789-06-2			RQ 4.54 kg final RQ
Methyl ethyl ketone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
78-93-3			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
1-Butanol	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
71-36-3			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Naphthalene	100 lb		RQ 100 lb final RQ
91-20-3			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Cumene	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ

98-82-8			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ
100-41-4			RQ 454 kg final RQ
Formaldehyde	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ
50-00-0			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

Rule 66 status of product

Photochemically reactive.

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

U.S. EPA Label information

EPA Pesticide registration number Not applicable

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	
Proprietary Non-Hazardous Ingredient - Proprietary C.	AS
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	
1309-37-1	
Proprietary Non-Hazardous Ingredient - Proprietary C.	AS
Proprietary Inert	
Proprietary Non-Hazardous Ingredient - Proprietary C.	AS
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic 64742-94-5	
2-Butoxyethanol	
111-76-2	
Titanium dioxide	
13463-67-7	
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	
108-65-6	
Proprietary Non-Hazardous Ingredient - Proprietary C.	AS
Proprietary Inert	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	
64742-95-6	
Strontium chromate	
7789-06-2	
Methyl ethyl ketone	
78-93-3	
Benzene, trimethyl-	
25551-13-7	
1-Butanol	
71-36-3	
Proprietary Inert	
Diacetone alcohol	
123-42-2	
Naphthalene	
91-20-3	
Cumene 98-82-8	

Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS

 Health hazards
 3*

 * = Chronic Health Hazard

 Flammability
 3

 Physical hazards
 0

 Personal Protection
 X

Supplier Address

 Valspar Coatings
 The Valspar Corporation
 Valspar Coil

 701 Shiloh Rd.
 901 N. Greenwood Ave.
 5501 E. Slauson Ave.

 Garland, TX 75042
 Kankakee, IL 60901
 Los Angeles, CA 90040

 972-276-5181
 815-933-5561
 323-726-7272

Prepared By Product Stewardship

Revision date 03-Feb-2023

Revision Note No information available

Disclaimer

The information on this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is based on the present state of our knowledge, current national legislation and guidelines. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's knowledge and control the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This SDS should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications. UNLESS SUPPLIER AGREES OTHERWISE IN WRITING, SUPPLIER MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR FREEDOM FROM PATENT INFRINGEMENT. SUPPLIER WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

End of Safety Data Sheet